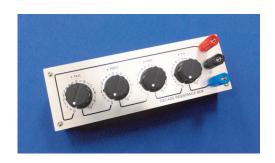
# DECADE RESISTANCE BOX KIT DRB-KIT



## - Assembling Manual -

DRB-KIT is an assembly kit for a variable resistance box that is available for practical use.

Assembling time: Approximately two hours

#### \* Tool list

| Tool name                   | Manual          |  |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Soldering iron (Around 30W) | [1] [2] [3] [4] |  |
| Resin flux cored solder     | [1] [2] [3] [4] |  |
| Cutting nipper              | [4]             |  |
| Needle-nose pliers          | [3] [4]         |  |
| Wire stripper               | [2] [4]         |  |
| Phillips head screwdriver   | [5]             |  |
| Multi meter                 | [6]             |  |

#### \* \*

Please check to see if the package has all the necessary parts.

Please also prepare the necessary tools yourself before assembling.

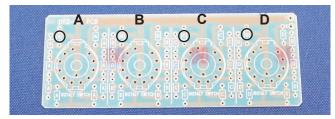
TOKYO KO-ON DENPA CO.,LTD.

MADE IN JAPAN

#### \* Parts list

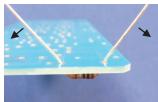
| ( 100 ( 170 ) ) ·         | Part name |                             | Qty |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----|
| DECADE NESSESSACION SECUL | Α         | Front panel                 | 1   |
| A                         | В         | Shield board                | 1   |
| B                         | С         | Rotary switch               | 4   |
|                           | D         | Terminal (Red, Blue, Black) | 1   |
|                           | Е         | Knob                        | 4   |
|                           | F         | PCB                         | 1   |
|                           | G         | Case                        | 1   |
| 0 1 1                     | Н         | Resistor A (1k ohm)         | 10  |
|                           | Н         | Resistor B (100 ohm)        | 10  |
| The sustain               | Н         | Resistor C (10 ohm)         | 10  |
|                           | Н         | Resistor D (1 ohm)          | 10  |
|                           | -         | Wire (Red, Blue, Black)     | 1   |
|                           | -         | Washer and hexagon nut      | 4   |
|                           | -         | Screw                       | 4   |
| H                         | -         | Rubber foot                 | 4   |

## [1] Soldering the resistors

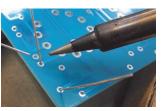


Solder the 40pcs resistors by following the English alphabet written on the printed circuit board.





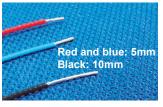
- 1: Bend the lead wire of the resistor and thread PCB with it
- 2: Widen the lead wire not to come off from the PCB.





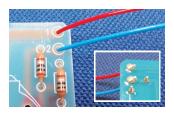
- 3: Reverse the printed circuit board and do soldering.
- 4: Cut the extra wire with a nipper.

#### [2] Soldering the lead wires





- 1: Peel the tip of the lead wire off with a wire stripper.
- 2: Do preliminary soldering. (only for Red and blue one)



Solder Red one to "1" Blue one to "2"

3: Solder the lead wire to the printed circuit board.



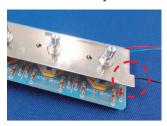


- 4. Wind the black lead wire around the part of the shield board that is bended.
- 5. Do soldering. (Warm the part to solder beforehand.)

## [3] Soldering the rotary switches



1. Mount a rotary switches on the printed circuit board.





2. Put a shield board and a front panel.



3. Put a washer in the shaft and tighten with a hexagon nut. (Fix the nut by hand temporarily.)



#### [3]



- 4. Reverse the body component while maintaining the position of printed board and solder the terminal of the rotary switch.
- 5. Fix a hexagon nut with needle-nose pliers.



# [4] Soldering the terminals





- 1. Attach a terminal to a front panel.
- 2. Peel the lead wire, and wind it around the tip of the terminal and solder it. (Warm the part to solder beforehand.)

## [5] Assembly





- 1. Put a rubber foot on the case.
- 2. Fit the panel into a case and fix with a pan screw.



3. Attach a knob.

# [6] Confirmation



- 1. Connect the tester to terminal 1 and 2 and confirm the resistance value.
- \* Turn each knob to fully CCW and check if the value is less than 1 ohm.
- Confirm the value at all graduation position. If it is within tolerance, your resistance box is now complete. (Please take the clearance of the resistor into account.)